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Place Value									
Counting									
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Subitise to 5  Verbally count beyond 20	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number	Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from O, and in tens from any number, forward and backward	Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number	Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000	Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000				
Recognising the pattern of the counting system.	Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens			Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers	Count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero				





	Representation									
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6				
Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10	ldentify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations	Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words	Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	Read, write, (order and compare) numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit	Read, write, (order and compare) numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit				
Explore and represent evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally	Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals	Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line	Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words	Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value	Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals	J J				
Read numbers to 20 (to 10 confidently. II-20 may be with some support)	Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words									





	Use and compare									
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6				
Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts	Civen a number, identify one more and one less	Recognise the place value of each digit in a two- digit number (tens, ones)	Recognise the place value of each digit in a three- digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)	Find 1000 more or less than a given number	Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least I 000 000 and determine the value of each digit	Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit				
recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity		Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use and = signs	Compare and order numbers up to 1000	Recognise the place value of each digit in a four- digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones)						
Order numbers to at least IO  Find / say I more or less than a number to IO				Order and compare numbers beyond 1000						





	Problems and rounding								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
		Use place value and number facts to solve problems	Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000	Interpret negative numbers in context	Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy			
			J	Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers	Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000	Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero			
					Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above	Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above			





#### Calculations

#### Addition and subtraction: recall and use

Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Automatically	Read, write and interpret	Recall and use addition	Estimate the answer to			
recall (without	mathematical statements	and subtraction facts to	a calculation and use			
reference to	involving addition +,	20 fluently and derive	inverse operations to			
rhymes, counting	subtraction -, and equals	and use related facts to	check answers.			
or other aids)	= signs.	100.				
number bonds up						
to 5 (including						
subtraction facts)						
and some number						
bonds to 10,						
including double						
facts						
Partition (and	Represent and use	Show that addition of				
combine) amounts	number bonds and	two numbers can be done				
to 10, and know	related subtraction facts	in any order				
that the whole	within 20.	(commutative) and				
number can be		subtraction of one				
made up of		number from another				
smaller parts		cannot.				
		Recognise and use the				
		inverse relationship				
		between addition and				
		subtraction and use this				
		this to check calculations				
		and solve missing number				
		problems.				





#### Calculations

#### Addition and subtraction

/ Waltion and Subtraction								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Find the total of	Add and subtract one-	Add and subtract	Add and subtract	Add and subtract	Add and subtract whole	Perform mental		
two groups of	digit and two-digit	numbers using concrete	numbers mentally,	numbers with up to 4	numbers with more than	calculations, including		
objects by counting	numbers to 20, including	objects, pictorial	including:	digits using the formal	4 digits, including using	with mixed operations		
all of them	zero	representations, and	* a three-digit number	written methods of	formal written methods	and large numbers		
		mentally, including:	and ones	columnar addition and	(columnar addition and			
		* a two-digit number	* a three-digit number	subtraction where	subtraction)			
		and ones	and tens	appropriate				
		* a two-digit number	* a three-digit number					
		and tens	and hundreds					
		* two two-digit numbers						
		* adding three onedigit						
		numbers						
Add and subtract			Add and subtract		Add and subtract	Use their knowledge of		
single digit numbers			numbers with up to		numbers mentally with	the order of operations		
using concrete			three digits, using		increasingly large	to carry out calculations		
resources			formal written methods		numbers	involving the four		
			of columnar addition			operations		
			and subtraction					
Begin to use								
jottings to work out								
some simple								
addition and								
subtraction								





#### Calculations

Addition and subtraction: Problem solving	Addition	and	subtraction:	Problem	solving
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			J			
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
As above, using	Solve one-step problems	Solve problems with	Solve problems,	Solve addition and	Solve addition and	Solve addition and
different contexts,	that involve addition and	addition and subtraction:	including missing	subtraction twostep	subtraction multistep	subtraction multistep
e.g. verbal word	subtraction, using concrete	*Using concrete objects	number problems,	problems in contexts,	problems in contexts,	problems in contexts,
problems / spot my	objects and pictorial	and pictorial	using number	deciding which	deciding which operations	deciding which
mistake / prove it	representations, and	representations, including	facts, place value,	operations and methods	and methods to use and	operations and methods
etc.	missing number problems	those involving numbers,	and more	to use and why	why	to use and why
	such as	quantities and measures	complex addition			
	7 = -9	*Applying their increasing	and subtraction		Solve problems involving	
		knowledge of mental and			addition, subtraction,	
		written methods			multiplication and	
					division and a	
					combination of these,	
					including understanding	
					the meaning of the	
					equals sign	





	Calculations								
Multiplication and division: recall and use									
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
·		Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers	Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables	Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12	Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers	ldentify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers			
		Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot		Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including multiplying by O and I; dividing by I; multiplying together three numbers	Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers	Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy			
				Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations	Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19				
					Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)				
			Calculation	c	/ with them 15 /				





	Multiplication and division								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
•		Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×), division (÷) and equals (=) signs	Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods	Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout	Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two- digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two- digit numbers	Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication			
			J		Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context			
					Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context  Multiply and divide whole	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context Perform mental			
					numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers			





Calculations								
Multiplication and division: Problems								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Share out a given number of objects equally, e.g. share out 6 pieces of fruit between 2 teddies.	Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts	Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects	Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two-digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes  Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates	Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division		





	Multiplication and division: Combined							
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
·					Solve problems involving	Use their knowledge of		
					addition, subtraction,	the order of operations		
					multiplication and	to carry out calculations		
					division and a	involving the four		
					combination of these,	operations		
					including understanding			
					the meaning of the			
					equals sign			





Fractions, Decimals and Percentages									
Fractions: Recognise and Write									
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Hear and use related vocabulary when role playing / accessing continuous provision or snack etc, e.g. let's have half each.	Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity	Recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4 2/4 and 3/4 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity	Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into IO equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by	Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.	Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths				
	Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity		Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators		Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > I as a mixed number for example, 2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 1 1/5				
			Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators		0/3 - 1 1/3				





	Fractions, Decimals and Percentages								
	Fractions: Compare								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
•		Recognise the equivalence of 1/2and 2/4	Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators	Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions	Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number	Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination			
			Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators			Compare and order fractions, including fractions > I			





#### Fractions, Decimals and Percentages

#### Fractions: Calculations

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Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
·		Write simple fractions	Add and subtract	Add and subtract	Add and subtract	add and subtract			
		for example, 1/2 of 6	fractions with the same	fractions with the same	fractions with the same	fractions with different			
		= 3	denominator within one	denominator	denominator and	denominators and mixed			
			whole [for example,		denominators that are	numbers, using the			
			5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7		multiples of the same	concept of equivalent			
					number	fractions			
			,		Multiply proper fractions	Multiply simple pairs of			
					and mixed numbers by	proper fractions, writing			
					whole numbers,	the answer in its			
					supported by materials	simplest form [for			
					and diagrams	example,			
						1/2 x 1/4 = 1/8]			
						Divide proper fractions			
						by whole numbers [for			
						example 1/2 ÷ 2 = 1/4]			





	Fractions, Decimals and Percentages								
	Fractions: Solve Problems								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
,			Solve problems that involve all of the above	Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number					





	Fractions, Decimals and Percentages								
Decimals: Recognise, write, compare									
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
·				Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths	Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100]	ldentify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places			
				Recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/2, 1/4, 3/4.	Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents				
				Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number	Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place				
				Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places	Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places				





		<u>J</u>							
	Fractions, Decimals and Percentages								
	Fractions, Decimals and Percentages								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
•				Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places	Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal	Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, 3/8]			
					Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5 2/5 and 4/5 and those fractions with a denominator of a	Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts			





	Ratio and Proportion									
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6				
·						Solve problems involving				
						the relative sizes of two				
						quantities where missing				
						values can be found by				
						using integer				
						multiplication and				
						division facts				
						Solve problems involving				
						the calculation/use of				
						percentages for				
						comparison				
						Solve problems involving				
						similar shapes where the				
						scale factor is known or				
						can be found				
						Solve problems involving				
						unequal sharing and				
						grouping using knowledge				
						of fractions and				
						multiples				





	Algebra								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
,	Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = 9	Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems	Solve problems, including missing number problems			Use simple formulae			
	Note — although formal al thinking starts much earlied from YI/2/3					Generate and describe linear number sequences			
						Express missing number problems algebraically			
						Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns			
						Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables			





#### Measurement

#### Using measures

Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Compare objects by	Compare, describe and	Choose and use	Measure, compare, add	Convert between	Convert between	Solve problems involving			
weight	solve practical problems	appropriate standard	and subtract: lengths	different units of	different units of	the calculation and			
	for:	units to estimate and	(m/cm/mm); mass	measure [for example,	metric measure	conversion of units of			
	* lengths and heights *	measure length/height in	(kg/g); volume/capacity	kilometre to metre;		measure, using decimal			
	mass/weight	any direction (m/cm);	(l/ml)	hour to minute]		notation up to 3 decimal			
	* capacity and volume	mass (kg/g);				places where appropriate			
	* time	temperature (°C);							
		capacity (litres/ml) to							
		the nearest appropriate							
		unit, using rulers, scales,							
		thermometers and							
Compare length and	Measure and begin to	measuring vessels Compare and order		Estimate, compare and	Understand and use	Use, read, write and			
height	record the following: *	lengths, mass,		calculate different	approximate	convert between			
rieigrii	lengths and heights	volume/capacity and		measures	equivalences between	standard units,			
	* mass/weight	record the results using		110000000	metric units and	converting measurements			
	* capacity and volume	>, < and =			common imperial units	of length, mass, volume			
	* time (hours, minutes,	,			such as inches, pounds	and time from a			
	seconds)				and pints	smaller unit of measure			
					'	to a larger unit, and			
						vice versa, using decimal			
						notation to up to 3			
						decimal places			
Use language to					Use all four operations	Convert between miles			
describe and compare					to solve problems	and kilometres			
objects when					involving measure [for				





measuring by we	ght,		example, length, mass,	
length, height ai	d		volume, money] using	
capacity.			decimal notation,	
			including scaling	

Measurement Money								
Recognise Ip coins and	Recognise and know the	Recognise and use	Add and subtract	Estimate, compare and	Use all four operations			
begin to recognise the	value of different	symbols for pounds (£)	amounts of money to	calculate different	to solve problems			
value of some other	denominations of coins	and pence (p); combine	give change, using both	measures, including	involving measure [for			
coins, e.g. 2p, 5p, 10p.	and notes	amounts to make a	£ and p in practical	money in pounds and	example, money]			
		particular value	contexts	pence				
Use pennies when role		Find different						
playing and count out		combinations of coins						
a given amount of		that equal the same						
pennies to pay for		amounts of money						
something.								
		Solve simple problems in						
		a practical context						
		involving addition and						
		subtraction of money of						
		the same unit, including						
		giving change						





#### Measurement

#### Time

Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Talk about their day	Sequence events in	Compare and sequence	Tell and write the time	Read, write and convert	Solve problems involving	Use, read, write and		
and use vocabulary to	chronological order using	intervals of time	from an analogue clock,	time between analogue	converting between units	convert between standard		
describe the order of	language [for example,		including using Roman	and digital 12- and	of time	units, converting		
key events, e.g. first,	before and after, next,		numerals from 1 to XII,	24-hour clocks		measurements of time		
then, next	first, today, yesterday,		and 12- hour and 24-			from a smaller unit of		
	tomorrow, morning,		hour clocks			measure to a larger		
	afternoon and evening]					unit, and vice versa		
Know the days of the	Recognise and use	Tell and write the time	Estimate and read time	Solve problems involving		Note — In the WRM		
week and able to say	language relating to	to five minutes,	with increasing	converting from hours		scheme, time conversions		
what day it will be	dates, including days of	including quarter	accuracy to the nearest	to minutes; minutes to		are covered in Y5; the		
tomorrow etc	the week, weeks, months	past/to the hour and	minute; record and	seconds; years to		Y6 block concentrates on		
	and years	draw the hands on a	compare time in terms	months; weeks to days		metric units		
		clock face to show these	of seconds, minutes and					
		times	hours; use vocabulary					
			such as o'clock,					
			a.m./p.m., morning,					
			afternoon, noon and					
			midnight					
	Tell the time to the hour	Know the number of	Know the number of					
	and half past the hour	minutes in an hour	seconds in a minute and					
	and draw the hands on	and the number of	the number of days in					
	a clock face to show these	hours in a day	each month, year and					
	times		leap year					
			Compare durations of					
			events [for example to					
			calculate the time taken					





	<u> </u>			
		by particular events or tasks]		





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	Measurement								
	Perimeter, area and volume								
		Perime	eter, area ar	ia volume					
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
·			Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes	Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres	Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres	Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa			
				Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares	Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares) and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes	Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes			
					Estimate volume [for example, using blocks to build cuboids] and capacity [for example, using water]	Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles			
						Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3),			





			and extending to other
			units





		<u>J</u>								
Geometry										
	2D shapes									
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6				
Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills	Recognise and name common 2– D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]	Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line	Draw 2-D shapes	Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes	Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.	Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles				
Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have shapes within it, just as numbers can.		Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]		Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations	Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles	Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes				
		Compare and sort common 2–D shapes and everyday objects				Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius				





	Geometry							
	3D shapes							
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Explore 3D shapes and use them to create models.	Recognise and name common 3- D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]	Recognise and name common 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]	Make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them		ldentify 3–D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2–D representations	Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets		
Use mathematical vocabulary to describe some of their properties, e.g. faces		Compare and sort common 3–D shapes and everyday objects						





	Geometry								
	Angles and lines								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
			Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn	ldentify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size	Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles	Find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons			
			Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle	Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations	Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees	Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles			
			Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines	Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry	identify:  — angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)  — angles at a point on a straight line and 1/2 a turn (total 180°)  — other multiples of 90°				





#### Geometry

#### Position and direction

	Position and airection								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills	Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three- quarter turns	Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences		Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant	Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed	Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)			
		Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise)		Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down		Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes			
				Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon					





Statistics									
	Present and interpret data								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Explore simple pictograms and physical block graphs as part of our everyday curriculum, e.g. voting for book to be read; creating simple pictograms to show our favourite foods etc		Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables	Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables	Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs	Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems			
	Solve statistical problems								
Reception	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Begin to use the pictograms / block graphs to answer simple questions, e.g. which one has the most?		Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity	Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables	Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs	Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph	Calculate and interpret the mean as an average			
		Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data							